阅读申明

- 1.本站收集的数据手册和产品资料都来自互联网,版权归原作者所有。如读者和版权方有任何异议请及时告之,我们将妥善解决。
- 2.本站提供的中文数据手册是英文数据手册的中文翻译,其目的是协助用户阅读,该译文无法自动跟随原稿更新,同时也可能存在翻译上的不当。建议读者以英文原稿为参考以便获得更精准的信息。
- 3.本站提供的产品资料,来自厂商的技术支持或者使用者的心得体会等,其内容可能存在描 叙上的差异,建议读者做出适当判断。
- 4.如需与我们联系,请发邮件到marketing@iczoom.com,主题请标有"数据手册"字样。

Read Statement

- 1. The datasheets and other product information on the site are all from network reference or other public materials, and the copyright belongs to the original author and original published source. If readers and copyright owners have any objections, please contact us and we will deal with it in a timely manner.
- 2. The Chinese datasheets provided on the website is a Chinese translation of the English datasheets. Its purpose is for reader's learning exchange only and do not involve commercial purposes. The translation cannot be automatically updated with the original manuscript, and there may also be improper translations. Readers are advised to use the English manuscript as a reference for more accurate information.
- 3. All product information provided on the website refer to solutions from manufacturers' technical support or users the contents may have differences in description, and readers are advised to take the original article as the standard.
- 4. If you have any questions, please contact us at marketing@iczoom.com and mark the subject with "Datasheets" .



VND05B VND05B (011Y) / VND05B (012Y)

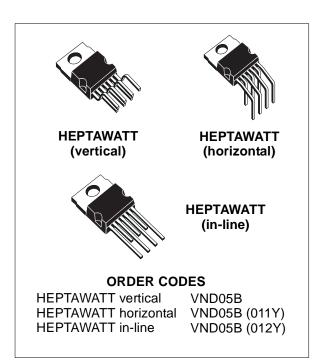
DOUBLE CHANNEL HIGH SIDE SMART POWER SOLID STATE RELAY

TYPE	V _{DSS}	R _{DS(on)}	I _n (*)	V _{CC}
VND05B				
VND05B (011Y)	40V	200mΩ	1.6A	26 V
VND05B (012Y)				

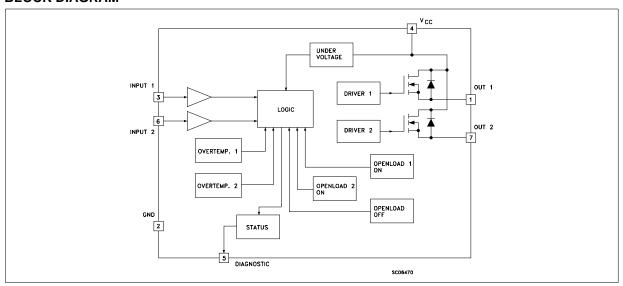
- lacktriangle OUTPUT CURRENT (CONTINUOUS): 9A AT T_c =85°C PER CHANNEL
- 5V LOGIC LEVEL COMPATIBLE INPUT
- THERMAL SHUT-DOWN
- UNDERVOLTAGE PROTECTION
- OPEN DRAIN DIAGNOSTIC OUTPUT
- INDUCTIVE LOAD FAST DEMAGNETIZATION
- VERY LOW STAND-BY POWER DISSIPATION

DESCRIPTION

The VND05B, VND05B (011Y), VND05B (012Y) is a monolithic device designed in STMicroelectronics VIPower technology, intended for driving resistive or inductive loads with one side connected to ground. This device has two channels, and a common diagnostic. Built-in thermal shutdown protects the chip from overtemperature and short circuit. The status output provides an indication of open load in on state, open load in off state, overtemperature conditions and stuck-on to $V_{\rm CC}$.



BLOCK DIAGRAM



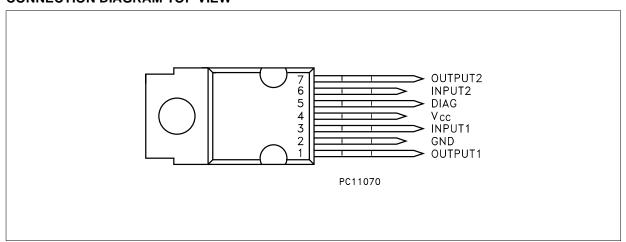
(*) I_n= Nominal current according to ISO definition for high side automotive switch (see note 1)

November 1999 1/11

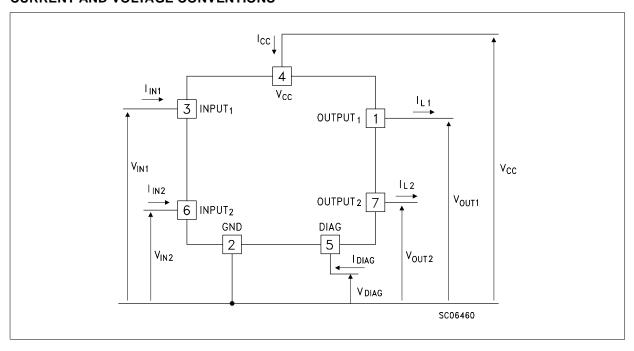
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{(BR)DSS}	Drain-Source breakdown voltage	40	V
I _{OUT}	Output current (continuous) at T _c =85°C	9	А
I _{OUT} (RMS)	RMS Output current at T _c =85°C and f > 1Hz	9	А
I _R	Reverse output current at T _c =85°C	-9	А
I _{IN}	Input current	+/- 10	mA
-V _{CC}	Reverse supply voltage	-4	V
I _{STAT}	Status current	+/- 10	mA
V _{ESD}	Electrostatic discharge (R=1.5kΩ, C=100pF)	2000	V
P _{TOT}	Power dissipation at T _c =25°C	59	W
Tj	Junction operating temperature	-40 to 150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	-55 to 150	°C

CONNECTION DIAGRAM TOP VIEW



CURRENT AND VOLTAGE CONVENTIONS



THERMAL DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
R _{thj-case}	Thermal resistance junction-case (MA)	2.1	°C/W
R _{thj-amb}	Thermal resistance junction-ambient (MA)	60	°C/W

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (8V<V_{CC}<16V; -40°C≤T $_{j}$ ≤125°C; unless otherwise specified) POWER

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		6	13	26	V
I _n (*)	Nominal current	T _c =85°C; V _{DS(on)} ≤0.5V; V _{CC} =13V	1.6		2.6	Α
R _{ON}	On state resistance	I _{OUT} =I _n ; V _{CC} =13V; T _j =25°C	0.13		0.2	Ω
I _S	Supply current	Off state; T _j =25°C; V _{CC} =13V		35	100	μΑ
V _{DS(MAX)}	Maximum voltage Drop	I _{OUT} =7.5A; T _j =85°C; V _{CC} =13V	1.44		2.3	V
R _i	Output to GND internal impedance	T _j =25°C	5	10	20	ΚΩ

SWITCHING

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{d(on)} (^)	Turn-on delay time of output current	R_{OUT} =5.4 Ω	5	25	200	μs
t _r (^)	Rise time of output current	R_{OUT} =5.4 Ω	10	50	180	μs
t _{d(off)} (^)	Turn-off delay time of output current	R_{OUT} =5.4 Ω	10	75	250	μs
t _f (^)	Fall time of output current	R_{OUT} =5.4 Ω	10	35	180	μs
(di/dt) _{on}	Turn-on current slope	R_{OUT} =5.4 Ω	0.003		0.1	A/μs
(di/dt) _{off}	Turn-off current slope	R_{OUT} =5.4 Ω	0.005		0.1	A/μs

LOGIC INPUT

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V_{IL}	Input low level voltage				1.5	V
V_{IH}	Input high level voltage		3.5		(•)	V
V _{I(hyst)}	Input hysteresis voltage		0.2	0.9	1.5	V
I _{IN}	Input current	V _{IN} =5V; T _j =25°C		30	100	μΑ
\/	Innut clamp valtage	I _{IN} =10mA	5	6	7	V
V_{ICL}	Input clamp voltage	I _{IN} =-10mA		-0.7		V

57

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

PROTECTIONS AND DIAGNOSTICS

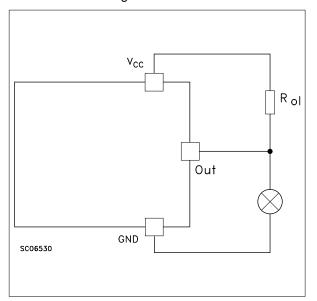
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{STAT}	Low output voltage status	I _{STAT} =1.6mA			0.4	V
V _{USD}	Undervoltage shut-down		3.5	4.5	6	V
V	Status clamp voltage	I _{STAT} = 10mA	5	6	7	V
V _{SCL}		I _{STAT} = -10mA		-0.7		V
т	Thermal shut-down		140	160	180	°C
T _{TSD}	temperature		140	100	100	
T-05# 1	Thermal shutdown				50	°C
T _{TSD(hyst)}	hysteresis temperature				30	
T _R	Reset temperature		125			°C
V _{OL}	Open voltage level	Off state (note 2)	2.5	4	5	V
I _{OL}	Open load current level	On state	5		180	mA
t _{povl}	Overtemperature Status delay	(note 3)		5	10	μs
t _{pol}	Open Load Status delay	(note 3)	50	500	2500	μs

^(*) I_n =Nominal current according to ISO definition for high side automotive switch (see note 1)

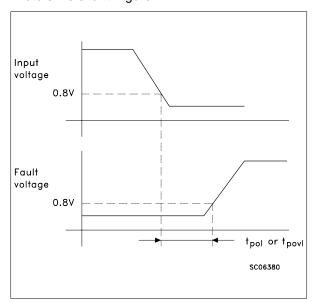
Note 2: $I_{OL(off)} = (V_{CC}-V_{OL})/R_{OL}$

Note 3: t_{povl} t_{pol}: ISO definition

Note 2 Relevant Figure



Note 3 Relevant Figure

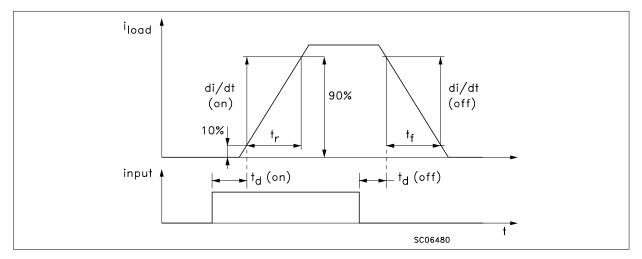


^(^) See switching time waveform

^(•) The V_{IH} is internally clamped at 6V about. It is possible to connect this pin to an higher voltage via an external resistor calculated to not exceed 10 mA at the input pin.

Note 1: The Nominal Current is the current at T_c =85°C for battery voltage of 13V which produces a voltage drop of 0.5V

Switching Time Waveforms



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The device has a common diagnostic output for both channels which indicates open load in onstate, open load in off-state, overtemperature conditions and stuck-on to $V_{\rm CC}$.

From the falling edge of the input signal, the status output, initially low to signal a fault condition (overtemperature or open load on-state), will go back to a high state with a different delay in case of overtemperature (t_{povl}) and in case of open load (t_{pol}) respectively. This feature allows to discriminate the nature of the detected fault. To protect the device against short-circuit and overcurrent condition, the thermal protection turns the integrated PowerMOS off at a minimum junction temperature of 140°C. When temperature returns to 125°C the switch is automatically turned in again. In short-circuit the protection reacts with virtually no delay, the sensor (one for each channel) being located inside each of the two PowerMOS areas. This positioning allows the device to operate with one channel in automatic thermal cycling and the other one on a normal load. An internal function of the devices ensures the fast demagnetization of inductive loads with a typical voltage (V_{demag}) of -18V. This function allows to greatly reduce the power dissipation according to the formula:

 $P_{dem} = 0.5 \cdot L_{load} \cdot (I_{load})^2 \cdot [(V_{CC} + V_{demag})/V_{demag}] \cdot f$ where f= switching frequency and

 V_{demag} = demagnetization voltage.

The maximum inductance which causes the chip temperature to reach the shutdown temperature in a specified thermal environment is a function of the load current for a fixed V_{CC} , V_{demag} and f according to the above formula. In this device if the GND pin is disconnected, with V_{CC} not exceeding 16V, both channels will switch off.

PROTECTING THE DEVICE AGAINST REVERSE BATTERY

The simplest way to protect the device against a continuous reverse battery voltage (-26V) is to insert a Schottky diode between pin 2 (GND) and ground, as shown in the typical application circuit (fig. 2).

The consequences of the voltage drop across this diode are as follows:

- If the input is pulled to power GND, a negative voltage of -V_f is seen by the device. (V_{il}, V_{ih} thresholds and V_{STAT} are increased by V_f with respect to power GND).
- The undervoltage shutdown level is increased by $V_{\rm f.}$

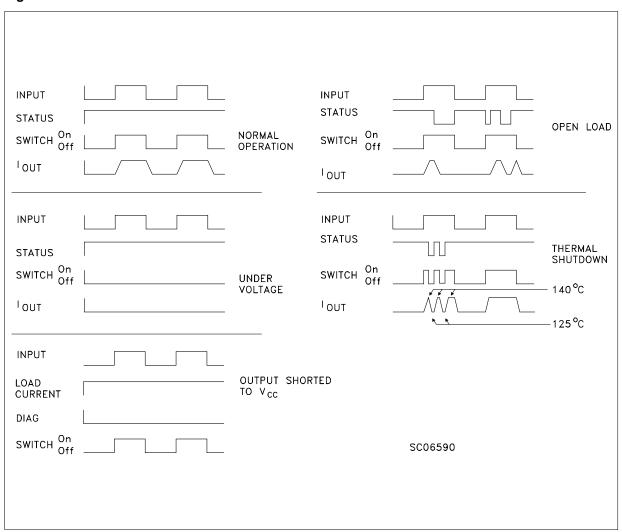
If there is no need for the control unit to handle external analog signals referred to the power GND, the best approach is to connect the reference potential of the control unit to the device ground (see application circuit in fig. 3), which becomes the common signal GND for the whole control board avoiding shift on V_{il} , V_{ih} and V_{STAT} . This solution allows the use of a standard diode.

477

THRUTH TABLE

		INPUT 1	INPUT 2	OUTPUT 1	OUTPUT 2	DIAGNOSTIC
		L	L	L	L	Н
Normal operation		H	Н	H	H	Н
		L	Н	L	Н	H
		Н	L	H	L	Н
Undervoltage		X	X	L	L	Н
Thermal shutdown	Channel 1	Н	X	L	Х	L
Theimai shuluown	Channel 2	X	Н	X	L	L
	Channel 1	Н	X	Н	X	L
Openland	Channel	L	L	L	L	L
Openload	Channel 2	Х	Н	Х	Н	L
	Chamilei 2	L	L	L	L	L
	Channel 1	Н	Х	Н	Х	L
Output shorted to V _{CC}	Chaille	L	L	H	L	L
Outhor shorted to ACC	Channel 2	Х	Н	X	Н	L
	Chaille 2	L	L	L	Н	L

Figure: 1: Waveforms



Vec

INPUT2

INPUT1

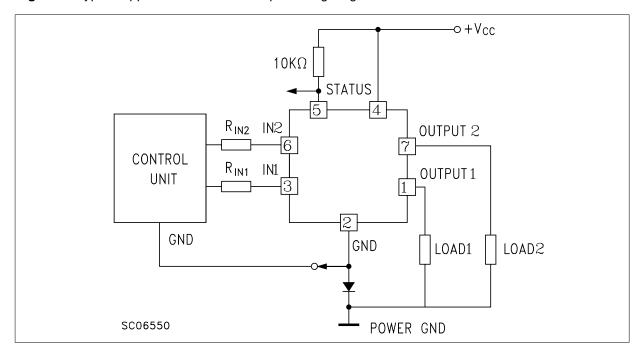
STATUS

POWER GND

SC06540

Figure 2: Typical application circuit with a Schottky diode for reverse supply protection

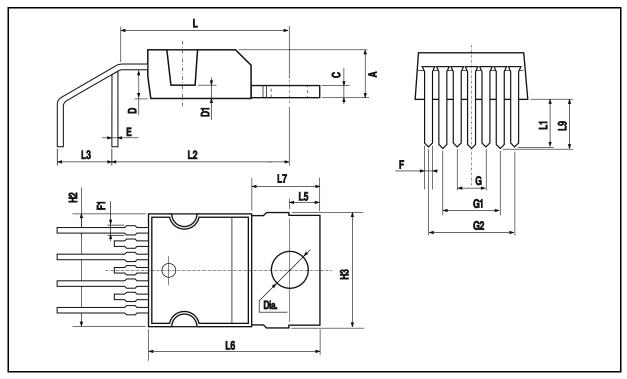
Figure 3: Typical application circuit with separate signal ground



47

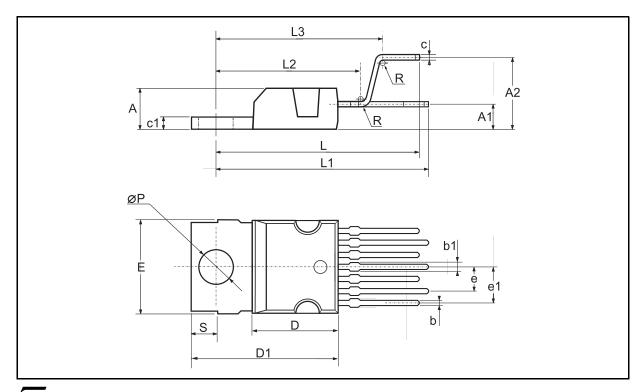
HEPTAWATT (horizontal) MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.		mm.		inch			
DINI.	MIN.	TYP	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Α			4.8			0.189	
С			1.37			0.054	
D	2.4		2.8	0.094		0.110	
D1	1.2		1.35	0.047		0.053	
E	0.35		0.55	0.014		0.022	
F	0.6		0.8	0.024		0.031	
F1			0.9			0.035	
G	2.41	2.54	2.67	0.095	0.100	0.105	
G1	4.91	5.08	5.21	0.193	0.200	0.205	
G2	7.49	7.62	7.8	0.295	0.300	0.307	
H2			10.4			0.409	
H3	10.05		10.4	0.396		0.409	
L		14.2			0.559		
L1		4.4			0.173		
L2		15.8			0.622		
L3		5.1			0.201		
L5	2.6		3	0.102		0.118	
L6	15.1		15.8	0.594		0.622	
L7	6		6.6	0.236		0.260	
L9		4.44			0.175		
Dia	3.65		3.85	0.144		0.152	



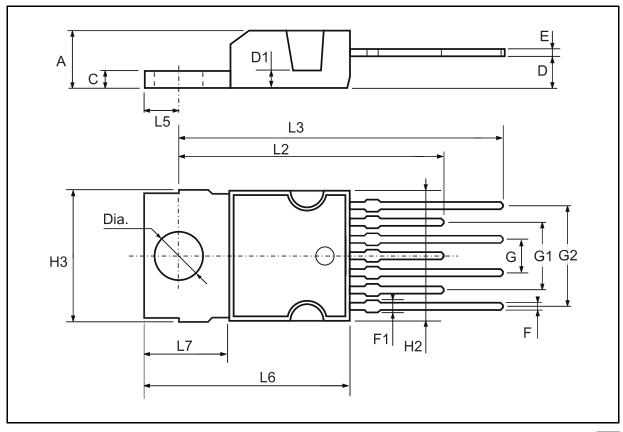
HEPTAWATT (vertical) MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.		mm.		inch			
DIIVI.	MIN.	TYP	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Α			4.8			0.189	
С			1.37			0.054	
D	2.4		2.8	0.094		0.110	
D1	1.2		1.35	0.047		0.053	
Е	0.35		0.55	0.014		0.022	
F	0.6		0.8	0.024		0.031	
F1			0.9			0.035	
G	2.41	2.54	2.67	0.095	0.100	0.105	
G1	4.91	5.08	5.21	0.193	0.200	0.205	
G2	7.49	7.62	7.8	0.295	0.300	0.307	
H2			10.4			0.409	
Н3	10.05		10.4	0.396		0.409	
L		16.97			0.668		
L1		14.92			0.587		
L2		21.54			0.848		
L3		22.62			0.891		
L5	2.6		3	0.102		0.118	
L6	15.1		15.8	0.594		0.622	
L7	6		6.6	0.236		0.260	
М		2.8			0.110		
M1		5.08			0.200		



HEPTAWATT (in-line) MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.		mm.			inch			
DIIVI.	MIN.	TYP	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
А			4.8			0.189		
С			1.37			0.054		
D	2.4		2.8	0.094		0.110		
D1	1.2		1.35	0.047		0.053		
Е	0.35		0.55	0.014		0.022		
F	0.6		0.8	0.024		0.031		
F1			0.9			0.035		
G	2.41	2.54	2.67	0.095	0.100	0.105		
G1	4.91	5.08	5.21	0.193	0.200	0.205		
G2	7.49	7.62	7.8	0.295	0.300	0.307		
H2			10.4			0.409		
H3	10.05		10.4	0.396		0.409		
L2	22.4		22.9	0.882		0.902		
L3	25.4		26	1.000		1.024		
L5	2.6		3	0.102		0.118		
L6	15.1		15.8	0.594		0.622		
L7	6		6.6	0.236		0.260		
Dia.	3.65		3.85	0.144		0.152		



Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, STMicroelectronics assumes no responsibility for the consequences of use of such information nor for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties which may results from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of STMicroelectronics. Specifications mentioned in this publication are subject to change without notice. This publication supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied. STMicroelectronics products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without express written approval of STMicroelectronics.

The ST logo is a trademark of STMicroelectronics

© 1999 STMicroelectronics - Printed in ITALY- All Rights Reserved.

STMicroelectronics GROUP OF COMPANIES

Australia - Brazil - Canada - China - France - Germany - Italy - Japan - Korea - Malaysia - Malta - Mexico - Morocco - The Netherlands - Singapore - Spain - Sweden - Switzerland - Taiwan - Thailand - United Kingdom - U.S.A.

http://www.st.com

