阅读申明

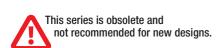
- 1.本站收集的数据手册和产品资料都来自互联网,版权归原作者所有。如读者和版权方有任何异议请及时告之,我们将妥善解决。
- 2.本站提供的中文数据手册是英文数据手册的中文翻译,其目的是协助用户阅读,该译文无法自动跟随原稿更新,同时也可能存在翻译上的不当。建议读者以英文原稿为参考以便获得更精准的信息。
- 3.本站提供的产品资料,来自厂商的技术支持或者使用者的心得体会等,其内容可能存在描 叙上的差异,建议读者做出适当判断。
- 4.如需与我们联系,请发邮件到marketing@iczoom.com,主题请标有"数据手册"字样。

Read Statement

- 1. The datasheets and other product information on the site are all from network reference or other public materials, and the copyright belongs to the original author and original published source. If readers and copyright owners have any objections, please contact us and we will deal with it in a timely manner.
- 2. The Chinese datasheets provided on the website is a Chinese translation of the English datasheets. Its purpose is for reader's learning exchange only and do not involve commercial purposes. The translation cannot be automatically updated with the original manuscript, and there may also be improper translations. Readers are advised to use the English manuscript as a reference for more accurate information.
- 3. All product information provided on the website refer to solutions from manufacturers' technical support or users the contents may have differences in description, and readers are advised to take the original article as the standard.
- 4. If you have any questions, please contact us at marketing@iczoom.com and mark the subject with "Datasheets".

BOURNS®

- 5 A Continuous On-State Current
- 20 A Surge-Current
- Glass Passivated Wafer
- 400 V to 800 V Off-State Voltage
- Max I_{GT} of 1 mA



TO-220 PACKAGE

Pin 2 is in electrical contact with the mounting base.

MDC1ACA

absolute maximum ratings over operating case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

RATING		SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Repetitive peak off-state voltage (see Note 1)	TIC108D		400	
	TIC108M	V	600	V
	TIC108S	V_{DRM}	700	
	TIC108N		800	
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	TIC108D		400	
	TIC108M	V	600	V
	TIC108S	V_{RRM}	700	
	TIC108N		800	
Continuous on-state current at (or below) 80°C case temperature (see Note 2)		I _{T(RMS)}	5	Α
Average on-state current (180° conduction angle) at (or below) 80°C case temperature		lo	3.2	Α
(see Note 3)		I _{T(AV)}	0.2	Α
Surge on-state current (see Note 4)		I _{TSM}	20	Α
Peak positive gate current (pulse width ≤ 300 μs)		I _{GM}	0.2	Α
Peak gate power dissipation (pulse width ≤ 300 µs)		P_{GM}	1.3	W
Average gate power dissipation (see Note 5)		$P_{G(AV)}$	0.3	W
Operating case temperature range		T _C	-40 to +110	°C
Storage temperature range		T _{stg}	-40 to +125	°C
Lead temperature 1.6 mm from case for 10 seconds		TL	230	°C

- NOTES: 1. These values apply when the gate-cathode resistance R_{GK} = 1 $k\Omega$.
 - 2. These values apply for continuous dc operation with resistive load. Above 80°C derate linearly to zero at 110°C.
 - 3. This value may be applied continuously under single phase 50 Hz half-sine-wave operation with resistive load. Above 80°C derate linearly to zero at 110°C.
 - 4. This value applies for one 50 Hz half-sine-wave when the device is operating at (or below) the rated value of peak reverse voltage and on-state current. Surge may be repeated after the device has returned to original thermal equilibrium.
 - 5. This value applies for a maximum averaging time of 20 ms.



electrical characteristics at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
I _{DRM}	Repetitive peak off-state current	V _D = rated V _{DRM}	R _{GK} = 1 kΩ	T _C = 110°C			400	μА
I _{RRM}	Repetitive peak reverse current	V _R = rated V _{RRM}	I _G = 0	T _C = 110°C			1	mA
I _{GT}	Gate trigger current	V _{AA} = 12 V	$R_L = 100 \Omega$	t _{p(g)} ≥ 20 μs	0.2	0.5	1	mA
V _{GT} Gate trigger voltage	$V_{AA} = 12 \text{ V}$ $t_{p(g)} \ge 20 \mu\text{s}$	$R_L = 100 \Omega$ $R_{GK} = 1 k\Omega$	T _C = - 40°C			1.2		
	$V_{AA} = 12 \text{ V}$ $t_{p(g)} \ge 20 \mu\text{s}$	$R_L = 100 \Omega$ $R_{GK} = 1 k\Omega$		0.4	0.6	1	٧	
		$V_{AA} = 12 \text{ V}$ $t_{p(g)} \ge 20 \mu\text{s}$	$R_L = 100 \Omega$ $R_{GK} = 1 k\Omega$	T _C = 110°C	0.2			
I _H	Holding current	$V_{AA} = 12 \text{ V}$ Initiating $I_T = 20 \text{ mA}$	$R_{GK} = 1 k\Omega$	T _C = - 40°C		3.5	15	mA
ig Holding current	$V_{AA} = 12 \text{ V}$ Initiating $I_T = 20 \text{ mA}$	$R_{GK} = 1 k\Omega$			2	10		
V _T	On-state voltage	I _T = 5 A	(see Note 6)			1.3	1.7	V
dv/dt	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	V _D = rated V _D	R _{GK} = 1 kΩ	T _C = 110°C		20		V/µs

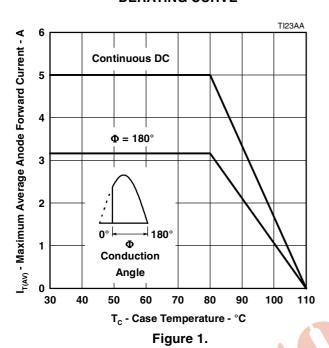
NOTE 6: This parameter must be measured using pulse techniques, t_p = 300 µs, duty cycle ≤ 2 %. Voltage sensing-contacts, separate from the current carrying contacts, are located within 3.2 mm from the device body.

thermal characteristics

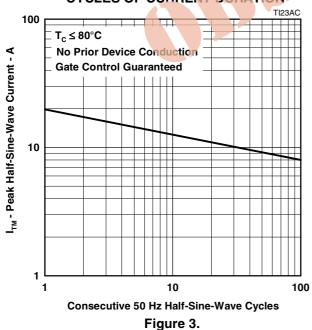
PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
R _{eJC} Junction to case thermal resistance			3.5	°C/W
R _{0JA} Junction to free air thermal resistance			62.5	°C/W

THERMAL INFORMATION

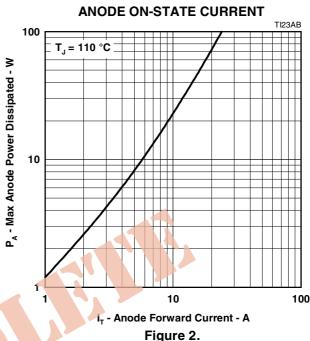
AVERAGE ANODE ON-STATE CURRENT DERATING CURVE



SURGE ON-STATE CURRENT vs CYCLES OF CURRENT DURATION



MAX ANODE POWER DISSIPATED vs



TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs

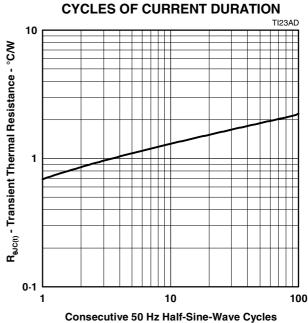
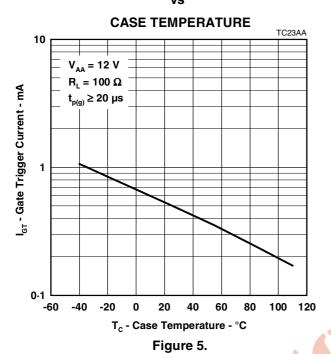


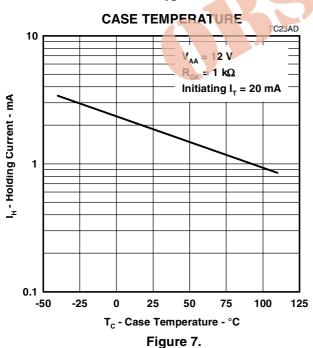
Figure 4.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

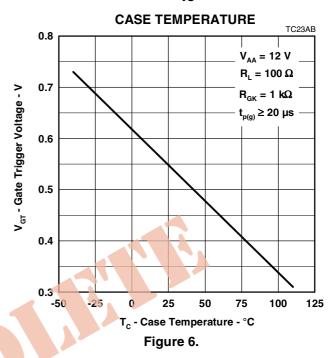
GATE TRIGGER CURRENT vs



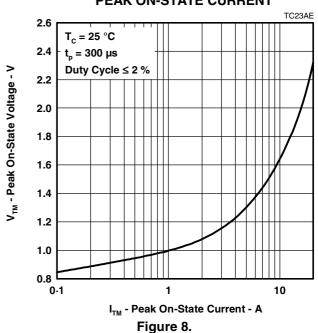
HOLDING CURRENT vs



GATE TRIGGER VOLTAGE



PEAK ON-STATE VOLTAGE vs PEAK ON-STATE CURRENT



PRODUCT INFORMATION