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# AEDA-3200-Txx Series <br> Ultra Miniature, High Resolution Incremental Encoders 

## Data Sheet



## Description

The AEDA-3200-T series (top mounting type) are high performance, cost effective, three-channel optical incremental encoder modules.

AEDA-3200-T series emphasize high reliability, high resolution and easy assembly, using transmissive encoder technology to sense rotary position. Outputs of the AEDA-3200 encoders are two channel quadrature outputs and a third channel gated index output. These encoder modules can be easily mounted to customer specific applications with the specially designed mechanical alignment tool.

## Features

- Two channel quadrature output with index
- Quick and easy assembly with alignment tool
- Cost-effective
- Ultra miniature size ( $\varnothing 17 \mathrm{~mm}$ )
- Resolution options from 2500 to 7500 Cycles Per Revolution (CPR), up to 30000 counts with 4X decoding
- Integrated RS 422 differential line driver



## Outline Drawing



## Theory of Operation

The AEDA-3200 translates rotary motion of a shaft into a three channel digital output. The AEDA-3200 series has five key parts: a single light emitting diode (LED) light source, a photodetector IC with a set of uniquely configured photodiodes, an interpolator IC, a line driver IC and a pair of lenses.

This light is used to produce internal signals $A$ and $A^{\text {; }}$ and $B$ and $B$.

As part of the "push-pull" detector system, these signals are fed through comparators and line driver that are part of the signal processing circuitry to produce the final outputs for channels A.

The AEDA-3200 is available for cycles per revolution (CPR) of 2500 to 7500 . This translates to a maximum resolution of 30000 counts after quadrature decode (4X).


## Output Waveforms

## AMPLITUDE



CODEWHEEL ROTATION (Clockwise)

## Definitions

Count ( N ): N refers to the cycles per revolution (CPR) of the encoder output.

One Cycle (C): 360 electrical degrees ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{e}$ ).
One Shaft Rotation: 360 mechanical degrees, N cycles (rotary motion only).

Phase ( $\phi$ ): The number of electrical degrees between the center of the high state on the channel $A$ and the center of the high state of channel $B$. This value is nominally $90^{\circ} \mathrm{e}$.

Pulse Width (P):The number of the electrical degrees that an output is a high-level during one cycle, nominally $180^{\circ}$ e or $1 / 2$ a cycle.

Pulse Width Error ( $\Delta \mathbf{P}$ ): The deviation in electrical degrees of the pulse width from its ideal value of $180^{\circ} e$.

Index Pulse Width (Po): The number of electrical degrees that an index is high during one full shaft rotation. This value is nominally $90^{\circ}$ e or $1 / 4$ cycle.

State Width (S): The number of the electrical degrees between a transition in the output of the channel B. There are 4 states per cycle, each nominally $90^{\circ} e$.

State Width Error ( $\Delta \mathbf{S}$ ): The deviation in electrical degrees of each state width from its ideal value of $90^{\circ} \mathrm{e}$.

## Direction of Motor Rotation

When the codewheel rotates in a clockwise direction, channel A will lead channel B (Figure 1 illustrates the definition of clockwise direction of codewheel rotation). When the codewheel rotates in a counter-clockwise direction, channel B will lead channel A.


Figure 1. Viewed from the PCB encoder end.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Storage Temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operating Temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Supply Voltage | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |
| Output Voltage | -0.5 V to $\mathrm{Vcc}_{\text {cc }}$ |
| Output Current per Channel | 20 mA |
| Frequency | 750 kHz |

## Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typical | Max. | Units | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | -40 | 25 | 125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Supply Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | Volts | Ripple $<100 \mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}$ |
| Frequency | f |  | 125 | 750 | kHz | $\mathrm{f}=\frac{\mathrm{RPM} \times \mathrm{CPR}}{60}$ |

## Maximum Frequency and RPM

| CPR | Maximum Frequency (kHz) | Maximum RPM ${ }^{2}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2500 | $750^{1}$ | 12000 |
| 5000 | 750 | 9000 |
| 6000 | 750 | 7500 |
| 7200 | 750 | 6250 |
| 7500 | 750 | 6000 |
| Note: |  |  |
| 1. Maximum frequency will be lower due to limitation in maximum RPM. |  |  |
| 2. Maximum mechanical limit is 12000 | RPM, operating limit is dependent on the maximum operating frequency. |  |

## Electrical Characteristics

Electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions. Typical values at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typical | Max. | Units |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Supply Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {cC }}$ |  | 55 | 80 | mA |
| High level Output Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OH }}$ | 2.5 | 3.4 |  | V |
| Low level Output Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ |  | 0.3 | 0.5 | V |

## Encoding Characteristics

Encoding characteristics over recommended operating conditions. Typical values at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

| Parameter | Symbol | Typical | Max. | Units |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pulse Width Error | $\Delta P$ | 5 | 85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{e}$ |
| State Width Error | $\Delta S$ | 5 | 60 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{e}$ |
| Phase Error | $\Delta \varphi$ | 1 | 40 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{e}$ |

Mechanical Characteristics
(Refer to page 2 for details.)

| Parameter | Dimension/Details | Tolerance | Units |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Standard Shaft Diameters | 2 mm diameter maximum * | $-.002 /-.007(-.0001 /-.0003)$ | $\mathrm{mm}(\mathrm{in})$ |
| Mounting Screw Size: | M2.5 x 0.45 <br> (Recommended Length 6 mm) | mm |  |
|  |  |  |  |

* Note:

1. Using a step shaft, maximum shaft diameter is 4 mm .


Pin Assignments

| Pin | Signal | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pin 1 | A+ | Digital Output |
| Pin 2 | A- | Digital Output |
| Pin 3 | Gnd | Ground Pin |
| Pin 4 | Gnd | Ground Pin |
| Pin 5 | B+ | Digital 0utput |
| Pin 6 | B- | Digital Output |
| Pin 7 | Vcc | Input Voltage |
| Pin 8 | Vcc | Input Voltage |
| Pin 9 | I+ | Digital Output |
| Pin 10 | I- | Digital Output |



## Notes:

1. Both Pin 7 and Pin 8 must be connected to Vcc.
2. Either Pin 3 or Pin 4 must be connected to Gnd.

## Mating Connector

AEDA-3200 requires a $5 \times 2(1.27 \mathrm{~mm} \times 1.27 \mathrm{~mm})$ female IDC Connector. An example of the suggested mating connectors is Samtec (www.samtec.com) part number: FFSD-05-D-x-01-N. The cable used is 0.635 mm pitch flat ribbon cable.

## Electrical Interface

Avago recommends National Semiconductor DS26C32AM Quad Differential Line Receiver or compatible as line receiver. Unused pin should be grounded for noise reduction.


## Alignment Considerations

The mechanical alignment tool is intended to absorb normal installation misalignment and runouts. To achieve the optimum performance, user should minimize misalignment.

Complete instructions for AEDA-3200 installation can be found in Application Note 5080, Avago AEDA-3200-T Mechanical Mounting and Installation Consideration. AEDA-3200 Mechanical Alignment tool part number is HEDS-8940.


HEDS-8940 Mechanical Alignment Tool.

## Ordering Information

## AEDA-3200-I

| Resolution Options (CPR) |  | Counts After 4x Decoding |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AJ | 2,500 | 10,000 |
| B1 | 5,000 | 20,000 |
| B7 | 6,000 | 24,000 |
| BJ | 7,200 | 28,800 |
| BK | 7,500 | 30,000 |


| Alignment Tool | Remark |
| :--- | :--- |
| HEDS-8940 | Mechanical Alignment Tool |

