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GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The 843031I-01 is an 10Gb Ethernet Clock Generator. The 843031I-01 uses an 18pF parallel resonant crystal. The 843031I-01 has excellent <1ps phase jitter performance, over the 1.875MHz - 20MHz integration range. The 843031I-01 is packaged in a small 8-pin TSSOP, making it ideal for use in systems with limited board space.

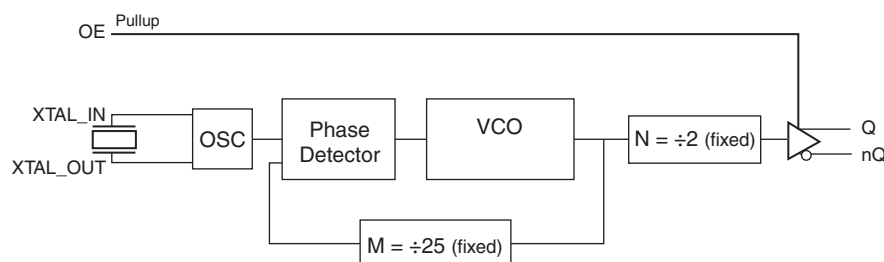
FEATURES

- One differential 3.3V or 2.5V LVPECL output
- Crystal oscillator interface designed for 25MHz, 18pF parallel resonant crystal
- Output frequencies: 280MHz – 340MHz
- VCO range: 560MHz - 680MHz
- RMS phase jitter @ 312.5MHz, using a 25MHz crystal (1.875MHz - 20MHz): 0.46ps (typical)
- Full 3.3V or 2.5V operating supply
- -40°C to 85°C ambient operating temperature
- Available in lead-free (RoHS 6) package

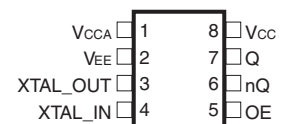
COMMON CONFIGURATION TABLE

Inputs				Output Frequency (MHz)
Crystal Frequency (MHz)	M	N	Multiplication Value M/N	
25	25	2	12.5	312.5

BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN ASSIGNMENT



843031I-01

8-Lead TSSOP

4.40mm x 3.0mm x 0.925mm
package body
G Package
Top View

TABLE 1. PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Number	Name	Type		Description
1	V_{CCA}	Power		Analog supply pin.
2	V_{EE}	Power		Negative supply pin.
3, 4	XTAL_OUT, XTAL_IN	Input		Crystal oscillator interface. XTAL_IN is the input, XTAL_OUT is the output.
5	OE	Input	Pullup	Output Enable pin. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
6, 7	nQ, Q	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.
8	V_{CC}	Power		Power supply pin.

NOTE: *Pullup* refers to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.

TABLE 2. PIN CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance			4		pF
$R_{PULLDOWN}$	Input Pullup Resistor			51		k Ω

TABLE 3. OE FUNCTION TABLE

Input	Outputs
OE	Q/nQ
0	Hi-Z
1	Enabled

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage, V_{CC}	4.6V
Inputs, V_I	-0.5V to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$
Outputs, I_O	
Continuous Current	50mA
Surge Current	100mA
Package Thermal Impedance, θ_{JA}	101.7°C/W (0 mps)
Storage Temperature, T_{STG}	-65°C to 150°C

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics* or *AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

TABLE 4A. POWER SUPPLY DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ TO $85^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{CC}	Power Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V_{CCA}	Analog Supply Voltage		$V_{CC} - 0.12$	3.3	3.465	V
I_{CCA}	Analog Supply Current				12	mA
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current				105	mA

TABLE 4B. POWER SUPPLY DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{CC} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ TO $85^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{CC}	Power Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCA}	Analog Supply Voltage		$V_{CC} - 0.12$	2.5	2.625	V
I_{CCA}	Analog Supply Current				12	mA
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current				90	mA

TABLE 4C. LVCMOS/LVTTL DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ OR $2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ TO $85^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	$V_{CC} = 3.3V$	2		$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.5V$	1.7		$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	$V_{CC} = 3.3V$	-0.3		0.8	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.5V$	-0.3		0.7	V
I_{IH}	Input High Current	$V_{CC} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$ or $2.625V$			5	μA
I_{IL}	Input Low Current	$V_{CC} = 3.465V$ or $2.625V$, $V_{IN} = 0V$	-150			μA

TABLE 4D. LVPECL DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ OR $2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ TO 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage; NOTE 1		$V_{CC} - 1.4$		$V_{CC} - 0.9$	V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage; NOTE 1		$V_{CC} - 2.0$		$V_{CC} - 1.7$	V
V_{SWING}	Peak-to-Peak Output Voltage Swing		0.6		1.0	V

NOTE 1: Outputs terminated with 50Ω to $V_{CC} - 2V$.

TABLE 5. CRYSTAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Mode of Oscillation		Fundamental			
Frequency		22.4	25	27.2	MHz
Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR)				40	Ω
Shunt Capacitance				7	pF
Drive Level				300	mW

NOTE: It is not recommended to overdrive the crystal input with an external clock.

TABLE 6A. AC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ TO 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f_{OUT}	Output Frequency		280	312.5	340	MHz
$t_{jitt}(\emptyset)$	RMS Phase Jitter (Random); NOTE 1	312.5MHz @ Integration Range: 1.875MHz - 20MHz		0.46		ps
t_R / t_F	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	150		500	ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle		48		52	%

NOTE: Electrical parameters are guaranteed over the specified ambient operating temperature range, which is established when the device is mounted in a test socket with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfm. The device will meet specifications after thermal equilibrium has been reached under these conditions.

NOTE 1: Please refer to the Phase Noise Plots following this section.

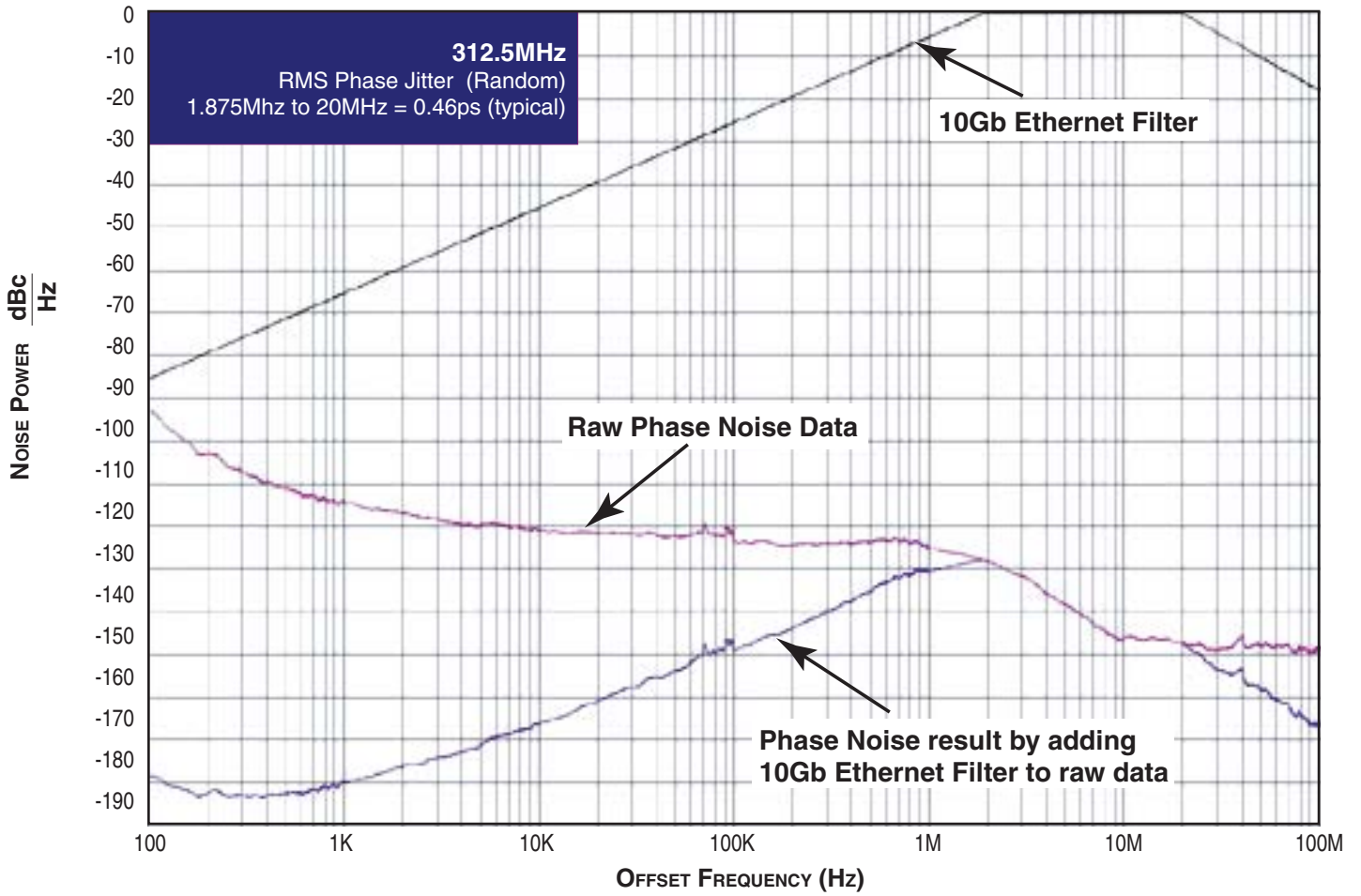
TABLE 6B. AC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{CC} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ TO 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f_{OUT}	Output Frequency		280	312.5	340	MHz
$t_{jitt}(\emptyset)$	RMS Phase Jitter (Random); NOTE 1	312.5MHz @ Integration Range: 1.875MHz - 20MHz		0.48		ps
t_R / t_F	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	150		500	ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle		48		52	%

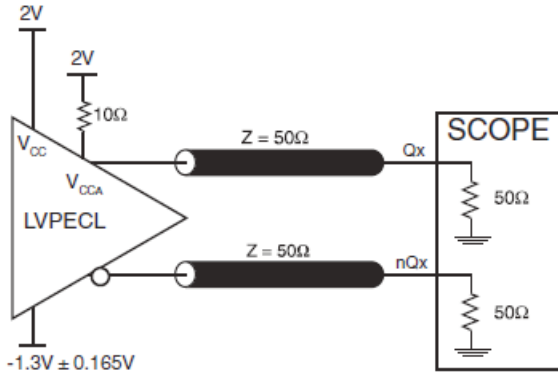
NOTE: Electrical parameters are guaranteed over the specified ambient operating temperature range, which is established when the device is mounted in a test socket with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfm. The device will meet specifications after thermal equilibrium has been reached under these conditions.

NOTE 1: Please refer to the Phase Noise Plots following this section.

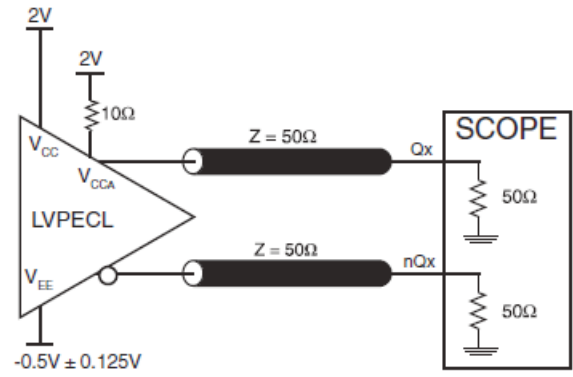
TYPICAL PHASE NOISE AT 312.5MHz AT 3.3V



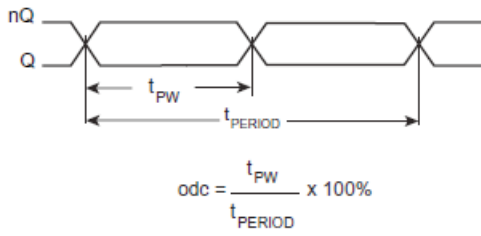
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



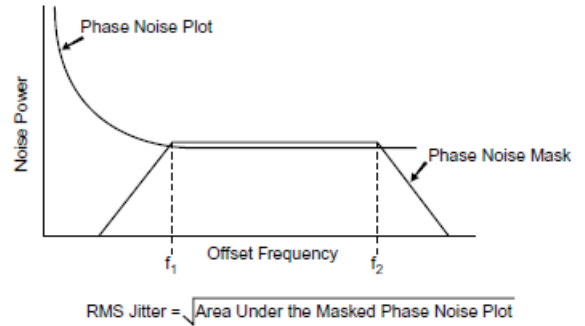
3.3V OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT



2.5V OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT



OUTPUT DUTY CYCLE/PULSE WIDTH/PERIOD



RMS PHASE JITTER



OUTPUT RISE/FALL TIME

APPLICATION INFORMATION

POWER SUPPLY FILTERING TECHNIQUES

As in any high speed analog circuitry, the power supply pins are vulnerable to random noise. To achieve optimum jitter performance, power supply isolation is required. The 8430311-01 provides separate power supplies to isolate any high switching noise from the outputs to the internal PLL. V_{CC} and V_{CCA} should be individually connected to the power supply plane through vias, and $0.01\mu\text{F}$ bypass capacitors should be used for each pin. *Figure 1* illustrates this for a generic V_{CC} pin and also shows that V_{CCA} requires that an additional 10Ω resistor along with a $10\mu\text{F}$ bypass capacitor be connected to the V_{CCA} pin.

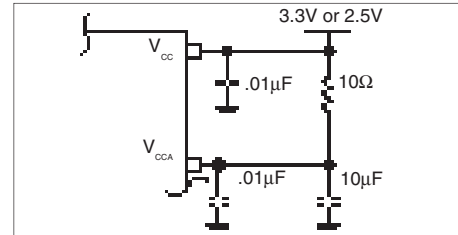


FIGURE 1. POWER SUPPLY FILTERING

CRYSTAL INPUT INTERFACE

The 8430311-01 has been characterized with 18pF parallel resonant crystals. The capacitor values, $C1$ and $C2$, shown in *Figure 2* below were determined using a 25MHz , 18pF parallel

resonant crystal and were chosen to minimize the ppm error. The optimum $C1$ and $C2$ values can be slightly adjusted for different board layouts.

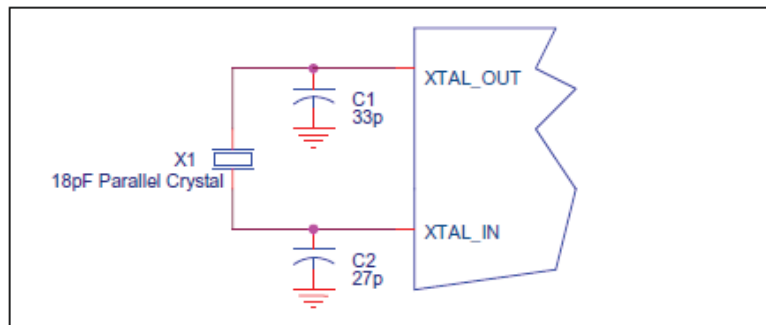


FIGURE 2. CRYSTAL INPUT INTERFACE

TERMINATION FOR 3.3V LVPECL OUTPUTS

The clock layout topology shown below is a typical termination for LVPECL outputs. The two different layouts mentioned are recommended only as guidelines.

FOUT and nFOUT are low impedance follower outputs that generate ECL/LVPECL compatible outputs. Therefore, terminating resistors (DC current path to ground) or current sources must be used for functionality. These outputs are designed to drive 50Ω transmission

lines. Matched impedance techniques should be used to maximize operating frequency and minimize signal distortion. *Figures 4A and 4B* show two different layouts which are recommended only as guidelines. Other suitable clock layouts may exist and it would be recommended that the board designers simulate to guarantee compatibility across all printed circuit and clock component process variations.

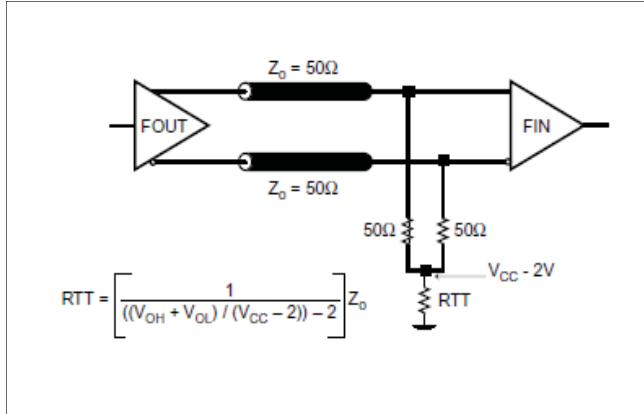


FIGURE 4A. LVPECL OUTPUT TERMINATION

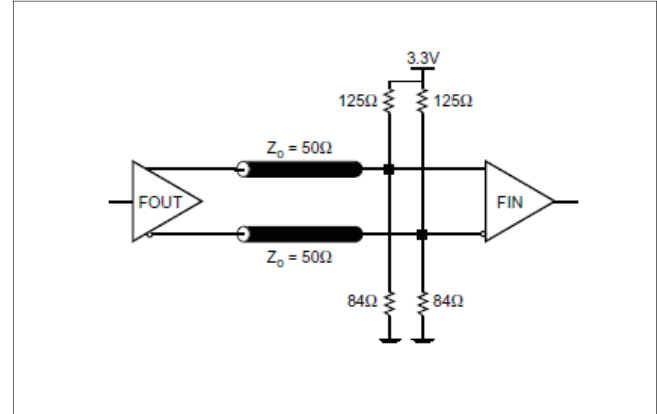


FIGURE 4B. LVPECL OUTPUT TERMINATION

TERMINATION FOR 2.5V LVPECL OUTPUTS

Figure 5A and Figure 5B show examples of termination for 2.5V LVPECL driver. These terminations are equivalent to terminating 50Ω to $V_{cc} - 2V$. For $V_{cc} = 2.5V$, the $V_{cc} - 2V$ is very close to ground

level. The R3 in Figure 5B can be eliminated and the termination is shown in Figure 5C.

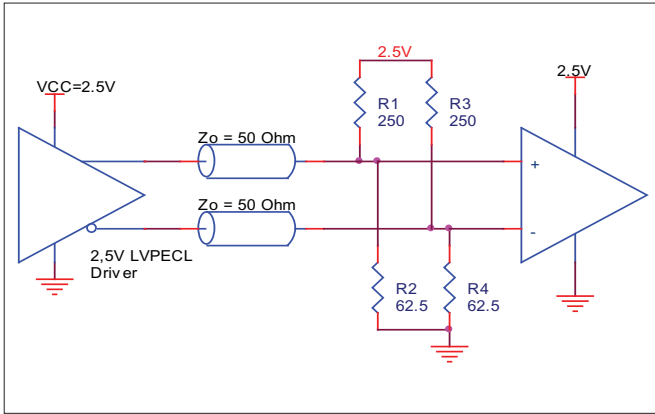


FIGURE 5A. 2.5V LVPECL DRIVER TERMINATION EXAMPLE

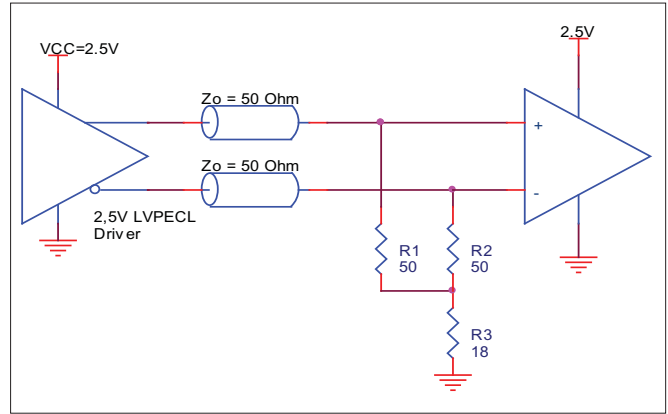


FIGURE 5B. 2.5V LVPECL DRIVER TERMINATION EXAMPLE

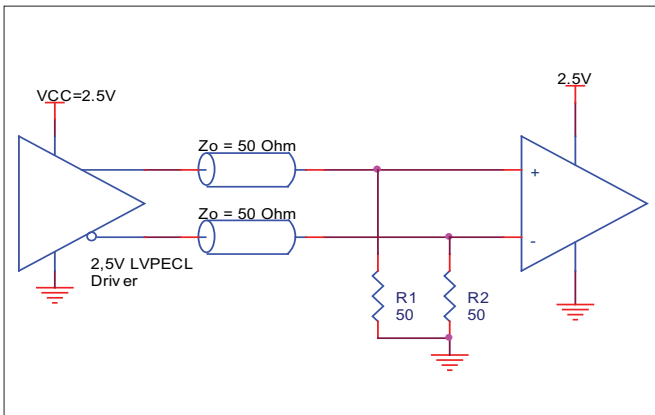


FIGURE 5C. 2.5V LVPECL TERMINATION EXAMPLE

POWER CONSIDERATIONS

This section provides information on power dissipation and junction temperature for the 8430311-01. Equations and example calculations are also provided.

1. Power Dissipation.

The total power dissipation for the 8430311-01 is the sum of the core power plus the power dissipated in the load(s). The following is the power dissipation for $V_{CC} = 3.3V + 5\% = 3.465V$, which gives worst case results.

NOTE: Please refer to Section 3 for details on calculating power dissipated in the load.

- Power (core)_{MAX} = $V_{CC_MAX} * I_{EE_MAX} = 3.465V * 105mA = 363.8mW$
- Power (outputs)_{MAX} = **30mW/Loaded Output pair**

$$\text{Total Power}_{MAX} (3.465V, \text{ with all outputs switching}) = 363.8mW + 30mW = 393.8mW$$

2. Junction Temperature.

Junction temperature, T_j , is the temperature at the junction of the bond wire and bond pad and directly affects the reliability of the device. The maximum recommended junction temperature 125°C.

The equation for T_j is as follows: $T_j = \theta_{JA} * Pd_total + T_A$

T_j = Junction Temperature

θ_{JA} = Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

Pd_total = Total Device Power Dissipation (example calculation is in section 1 above)

T_A = Ambient Temperature

In order to calculate junction temperature, the appropriate junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ_{JA} must be used. Assuming a moderate air flow of 1 meter per second and a multi-layer board, the appropriate value is 90.5°C/W per Table 7 below.

Therefore, T_j for an ambient temperature of 85°C with all outputs switching is:

$$85^\circ\text{C} + 0.394W * 90.5^\circ\text{C/W} = 120.6^\circ\text{C}. \text{ This is below the limit of } 125^\circ\text{C}.$$

This calculation is only an example. T_j will obviously vary depending on the number of loaded outputs, supply voltage, air flow, and the type of board (single layer or multi-layer).

TABLE 7. THERMAL RESISTANCE θ_{JA} FOR 8-PIN TSSOP, FORCED CONVECTION

θ_{JA} by Velocity (Meters per Second)			
	0	1	2.5
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	101.7°C/W	90.5°C/W	89.8°C/W

3. Calculations and Equations.

The purpose of this section is to derive the power dissipated into the load.

LVPECL output driver circuit and termination are shown in *Figure 6*.

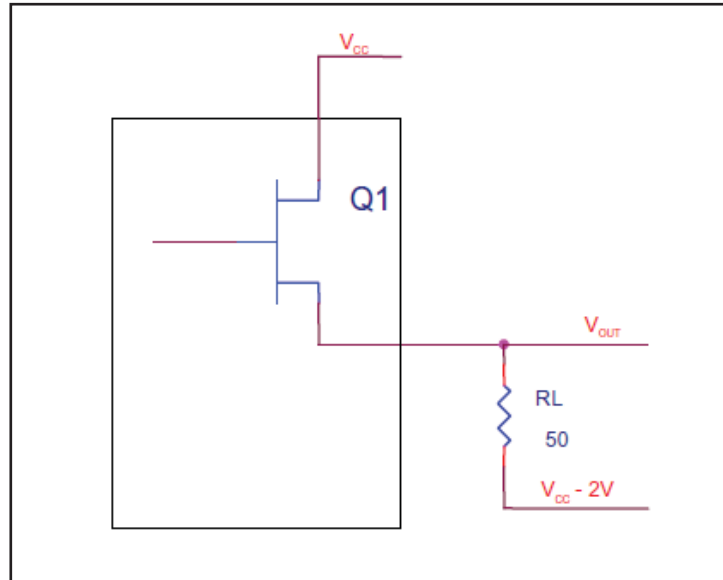


FIGURE 6. LVPECL DRIVER CIRCUIT AND TERMINATION

To calculate worst case power dissipation into the load, use the following equations which assume a 50Ω load, and a termination voltage of $V_{CC} - 2V$.

- For logic high, $V_{OUT} = V_{OH_MAX} = V_{CC_MAX} - 0.9V$

$$(V_{CC_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX}) = 0.9V$$

- For logic low, $V_{OUT} = V_{OL_MAX} = V_{CC_MAX} - 1.7V$

$$(V_{CC_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX}) = 1.7V$$

Pd_H is power dissipation when the output drives high.

Pd_L is the power dissipation when the output drives low.

$$\begin{aligned} Pd_H &= [(V_{OH_MAX} - (V_{CC_MAX} - 2V))/R_L] * (V_{CC_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX}) = [(2V - (V_{CC_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX}))/R_L] * (V_{CC_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX}) = \\ & [(2V - 0.9V)/50\Omega] * 0.9V = \mathbf{19.8mW} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Pd_L &= [(V_{OL_MAX} - (V_{CC_MAX} - 2V))/R_L] * (V_{CC_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX}) = [(2V - (V_{CC_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX}))/R_L] * (V_{CC_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX}) = \\ & [(2V - 1.7V)/50\Omega] * 1.7V = \mathbf{10.2mW} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Total Power Dissipation per output pair} = Pd_H + Pd_L = \mathbf{30mW}$$

RELIABILITY INFORMATION

TABLE 8. θ_{JA} VS. AIR FLOW TABLE FOR 8 LEAD TSSOP

θ_{JA} by Velocity (Meters per Second)			
	0	1	2.5
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	101.7°C/W	90.5°C/W	89.8°C/W

TRANSISTOR COUNT

The transistor count for 843031I-01 is: 2377

PACKAGE OUTLINE - G SUFFIX FOR 8 LEAD TSSOP

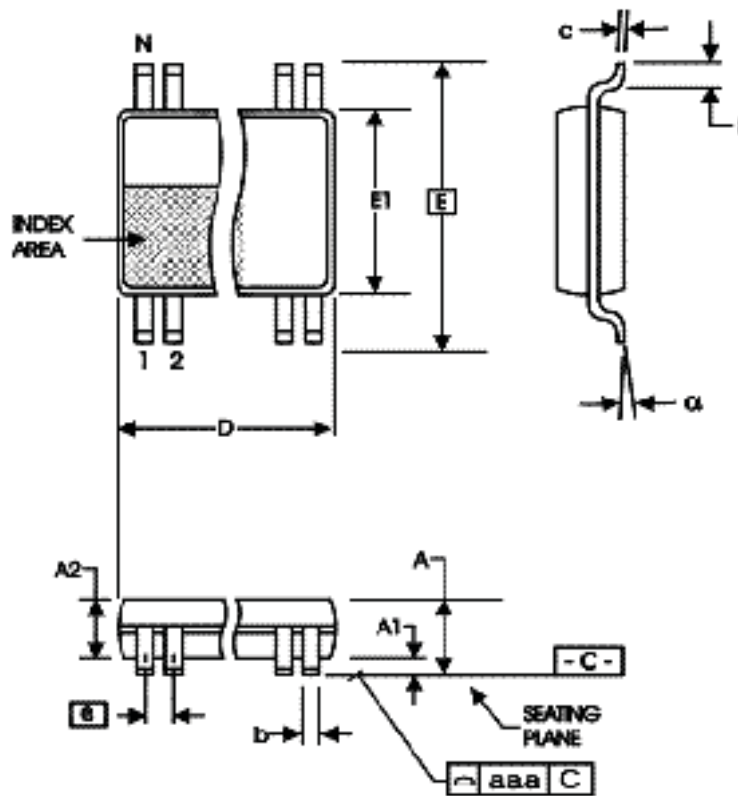


TABLE 9. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SYMBOL	Millimeters	
	Minimum	Maximum
N	8	
A	--	1.20
A1	0.05	0.15
A2	0.80	1.05
b	0.19	0.30
c	0.09	0.20
D	2.90	3.10
E	6.40 BASIC	
E1	4.30	4.50
e	0.65 BASIC	
L	0.45	0.75
α	0°	8°
aaa	--	0.10

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MO-153

TABLE 10. ORDERING INFORMATION

Part/Order Number	Marking	Package	Shipping Packaging	Temperature
843031AGI-01LF	AI01L	8 Lead "Lead-Free" TSSOP	tube	-40°C to 85°C
843031AGI-01LFT	AI01L	8 Lead "Lead-Free" TSSOP	tape & reel	-40°C to 85°C

NOTE: Parts that are ordered with an "LF" suffix to the part number are the Pb-Free configuration and are RoHS compliant.

REVISION HISTORY SHEET				
Rev	Table	Page	Description of Change	Date
A	T3	2	Added OE Function Table.	1/23/07
A	T10	1	Common Configuration Table - corrected typo in Multiplication Value M/N column from 25 to 12.5.	11/11/08
		14	Ordering Information Table - added lead-free marking.	
A	T5	1	Deleted HiPerClockS references.	10/22/12
		4	Crystal Characteristics Table - added note.	
		8	Deleted application note, LVCMOS to XTAL Interface.	
A	T10	14	Deleted quantity from tape and reel.	10/15/15
		14	Ordering Information - removed leaded devices. Updated data sheet format.	

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